

WHAT IS THE ORPHAN DRUG ACT?



1983

The Orphan Drug Act (ODA) of 1983 is a federal law that incentivize biopharmaceutical companies to develop drugs and biologics, known as “orphan drugs,” for individuals with rare diseases.

A RARE DISEASE IS ANY
CONDITION AFFECTING
FEWER THAN
200,000
AMERICANS

HOW DOES THE ORPHAN DRUG ACT WORK?

There are

4

INCENTIVES

in the law that encourage biopharmaceutical companies to develop orphan drugs.

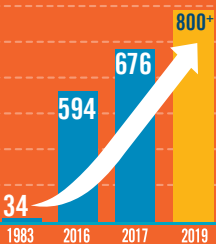
7 YEARS OF EXCLUSIVITY that prevent competitors from selling the same product labeled for the orphan indication

25% TAX CREDIT

for qualified clinical testing expenses incurred in clinical trials

~ **\$18** MILLION in FDA research grant funding

~ **\$2.5** MILLION FDA user fees waived



(# of approved orphan indications)

THE ORPHAN DRUG ACT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL

BUT MORE THAN

90%

of rare diseases are still without any FDA-approved treatment.